LC Maths P Course 1

Unit 1: Algebra

- Algebraic Operations on Polynomials & Rational Functions.
- Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication & Division & the use of Brackets & Surds.
- Laws of Indices.
- Factorisation of such Polynomials (The Linear & Quadratic Factors having Integer Coefficient).
- Solution of Cubic Equations with at least One Integer Root.
- Quadratic Equations by Factoring or using the -B Formula.
- Form a Quadratic from its Roots.
- Inequalities with X.
- Solving for X as a Power.

Unit 2: Functions with Differential Calculus

- Differentiation by Rule & First Principles.
- Rules of Sums, Products & Quotients.
- First Derivatives of Polynomials, Rational, Power.
- First Derivatives of Products.
- First Derivatives of Quotients.
- Simple Second Derivatives.
- Maxima & Minima.

Unit 3: Complex Numbers

- Real & Imaginary Part to Complex Numbers.
- Adding/Subtracting Complex Numbers.
- Multiplying Complex Numbers.
- The Conjugate.
- Dividing Complex Numbers.

- Plotting Complex Numbers on a Graph (Argand Diagrams).
- The Modules.
- Quadratic Equations with Complex Numbers.
- Transformations with Complex Numbers.

LC Maths P Course 2

Unit 1: Co Ordinate Geometry of the Straight Line & Circle

- General Equation of the Line in Form ax + by + c = 0.
- Length of Perpendicular from (x1, y1) to ax + by + c = 0.
- Angle Between Two Lines with Slopes m1 & m2.
- Equation Circle Centre (0,0) & Radius r (x2 + y2 = r2).
- Equation of Tangent at (x1, y1) to x2 + y2 = r2.
- Intersection of Line & Specific Circle.

<u>Unit 2:</u>

- Probability of an Outcome with one event happening.
- Probability of an Outcome with two events happening.
- Fundamental Principle of Counting.
- Arrangements Permutations.
- Expected Frequency.
- Or Rule (Add): Mutually Exclusive Events.
- And Rule/The Multiplication Rule Bernoulli Trial.
- Tree Diagram.
- Expected Values Law of Large Numbers.

Unit 3: Trigonometry

- Calculate the Area of a Sector of a Circle & the Length of an Arc & Solve Problems Involving these Calculations.
- Pythagoras Theorem.
- Use Trigonometry to Calculate the Area of a Triangle.
- Use the Sine & Cosine Rules to Solve Problems 2D & 3D.
- Define Sine A, Cos A & Tan A for all values of A.